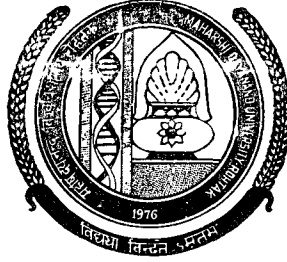


# Maharshi Dayanand University Rohtak



## Ordinances, Syllabus and Courses of Reading for LL.B. Part-II Examination

Session—2002-2003

*Available from :*

Deputy Registrar (Publication)  
Maharshi Dayanand University  
Rohtak 124 001 (Haryana)

*Price :*

At the Counter : Rs. 50/-  
By Regd. Parcel : Rs. 75/-  
By Ordinary Post : Rs. 60/-

**ORDINANCE : BACHELOR OF LAWS (LL.B. 5-YEAR COURSE)  
(ANNUAL SYSTEM)**

1. The duration of the course leading to the degree of the Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) shall be five academic years and the examinations shall be held in five parts viz. part-I at the end of the course of 1st year, part-II at the end of the course of 2nd year, part-III at the end of the third year, part-IV at the end of the course of 4th year and part-V at the end of the course of 5th year. The examinations shall ordinarily be held in the month of April/May or on such dates as may be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor.

A supplementary examinations shall be held in December on dates fixed by the Vice-Chancellor for these LL.B. (Final Year) candidates who have passed all the papers of LL.B. Part-I, II, III and IV (5 year course)/LL.B. Part-I and Part-II (3 years course) examination and have been permitted to reappear or have failed in paper(s) of part-III/V examination, as the case may be. However, total number of chances will not exceed as given in the Ordinance.

The students who have to appear in the Supplementary examination (September/December) immediately after annual examination will be governed by the old syllabus.

2. The schedule of dates fixed in accordance with Clause-1 shall be notified by the Controller of Examinations to the Head of the Deptt. of Law.
3. The last date for the receipt of examination form and fee without late fee as fixed by the Vice-Chancellor, shall be notified to the Head of the Department of Law.
4. A candidate's examination form and fee may be accepted after the last date on payment of Rs. 105/- upto the date notified by the University.
- 5.1 A candidate who fulfils the following conditions shall be eligible to seek admission in the 1st year of LL.B.(5 year) course :-
  - i) has passed pre-medical/pre-Engineering examination with 40% marks in aggregate of this University or of any other University recognised as equivalent thereto; or

(ii) -

- ii) has passed B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. part-I examination (old scheme) of this University or of any other University recognised as equivalent thereto with 40% marks in aggregate or
- iii) has passed an examination in 10+2 course of schooling recognised by the educational authority of Central or State Govt. with 40% marks in aggregate; or
- iv) possesses any other equivalent academic qualifications recognised by this University.

Those who have done graduation or post-graduation or have appeared in the final year of graduation or are placed in compartment in the qualifying examination shall not be allowed admission to 1st year of five year law course.

- 5.2 A candidate who has passed graduation in any discipline or a higher degree from this University or any other University recognised by this University with 40% marks in aggregate shall be eligible for direct admission to 3rd year of 5 years LL.B. course. Such students shall however have to study and pass additional papers of history of courts and History of Legislature of 2nd year. However, those placed in compartment in the qualifying examination shall not be eligible for admission.
- 5.3 No migration shall be allowed to five years course or to three year course.
6. A person who has passed 1st or 2nd or 3rd or 4th year shall be eligible to join the 2nd or 3rd or 4th or 5th year respectively of the LL.B. Course. This is, however, subject to clauses 13, 14.1 and 14.2 below.
7. The examination of part-I/II/III/IV/V shall be open to a student who :-
  - i) has passed requisite examination as laid down above in clause 5 & 6, as the case may be or is covered under clause 13 below; and
  - ii) has his name submitted to the Controller of Examinations by the Head of the Department of Law

and produced the following certificates signed by him :-

- a) of having good character ;
  - b) of having remained on the rolls of the Dept. for the year preceding the examination;
  - c) of having satisfactorily performed the work of his class of having attended not less than 75% of the lectures in each year as also in practical training prescribed in the syllabus to be counted upto to the last day when the classes break up for the preparatory holidays.
8. A candidate on the rolls of the Department of Law or an ex-student shall submit his application for admission to an examination on the prescribed form with the requisite certificates duly countersigned by the head of the Department or a Senior member of the teaching staff authorised by him.
9. The amount of examination fee to be paid by a candidate for each examination shall be as under :-
- |                     |           |
|---------------------|-----------|
| i) Regular Students | Rs. 90/-  |
| ii) Ex-Student      | Rs. 100/- |
10. The medium of instructions shall be Hindi in case of Hindi and English in case of other subjects. The medium of Examination shall be English/Hindi.
11. Candidate shall be examined according to the scheme of examination and syllabus approved by the Academic Council from time to time.
12. The minimum number of marks required to pass in each paper of LL.B. Part-I & II shall be 36% and it shall be 45% in each paper of LL.B. Part-III, IV and V examination.
13. A candidate who has failed in an examination or having been eligible fails to appear therein, may be allowed on the recommendation of the Head of the Department of Law to appear-reappear in the examination/paper(s), as the case may be in accordance with clause-I. Such a

(iv)

candidate may be exempted from appearing in the paper(s) in which he obtains at least 45% marks in LL.B. 3rd, 4th & 5th year and 36% marks in LL.B. 1st, 2nd year. Provided that a candidate for the LL.B. Degree must pass the whole examination part-I, II, III, IV & V within seven years of his admission to the LL.B. First Year class failing which he will be deemed to be unfit for the course and shall not be allowed to appear in the same either by attending classes again as a regular student or as an ex-student.

Note The candidate admitted to LL.B. course shall not be allowed to switch over to any other course otherwise his candidature for LL.B. course shall be cancelled forthwith.

14.1 A candidate who has appeared and failed in an examination shall be promoted from Part-I to II, Part-II to III, Part-III to IV and Part IV to V subject to the Provision of clause 14.2.

14.2 A candidate who has failed in Part-I and II or II & III or III and IV shall be promoted to Part-II, III, IV and V as the case may be only if he has got exemption in the papers as mentioned below :-

From part-I to part-II            If he has passed atleast three papers of part-I

From part-II to part-III        If he has passed seven papers of part-I and II including atleast three papers of part-I and three papers of part-II.

From part III to part-IV        If he has passed all the papers of part-I and seven papers of part-II and III with atleast three papers of part-II and three papers of part-III.

From part-IV to part-V        If he has passed all the papers of part-I and II and seven papers of part-III and IV with atleast three papers of part-III and three papers of IV.

Every student of part-I, II, III and IV who is entitled to be promoted to LL.B. part-II, III, IV and V respectively shall submit an application form on the prescribed form for admission to the part-II, III, IV and V. Any such admission may be refused by the Head, Deptt. of Law on reasonable grounds.

15. The details of the practical training (Legal Method, Moot Court etc.) to be imparted as per syllabus and the dates will be notified by the Head of the Deptt. of Law from time to time.

16. Four weeks after the termination of the examination, or as thereafter as is possible, the Controller of Examinations shall publish the result and issue Detailed Marks Card.

17.1 The successful candidate after passing Part-I, II and III examinations of 5 years LL.B. course will be awarded as graduate degree of B.A. (Law). Such candidates will not be entitled to practice. Classification of division for the successful candidates of B.A. Law shall be arranged as under on the aggregate marks of part-I, II and III examinations :-

- a) Those who obtain 60% marks or more 1st division
- b) Those who obtain 50% or more marks but less than 60% marks 2nd division
- c) Those who obtain less than 50% marks 3rd division

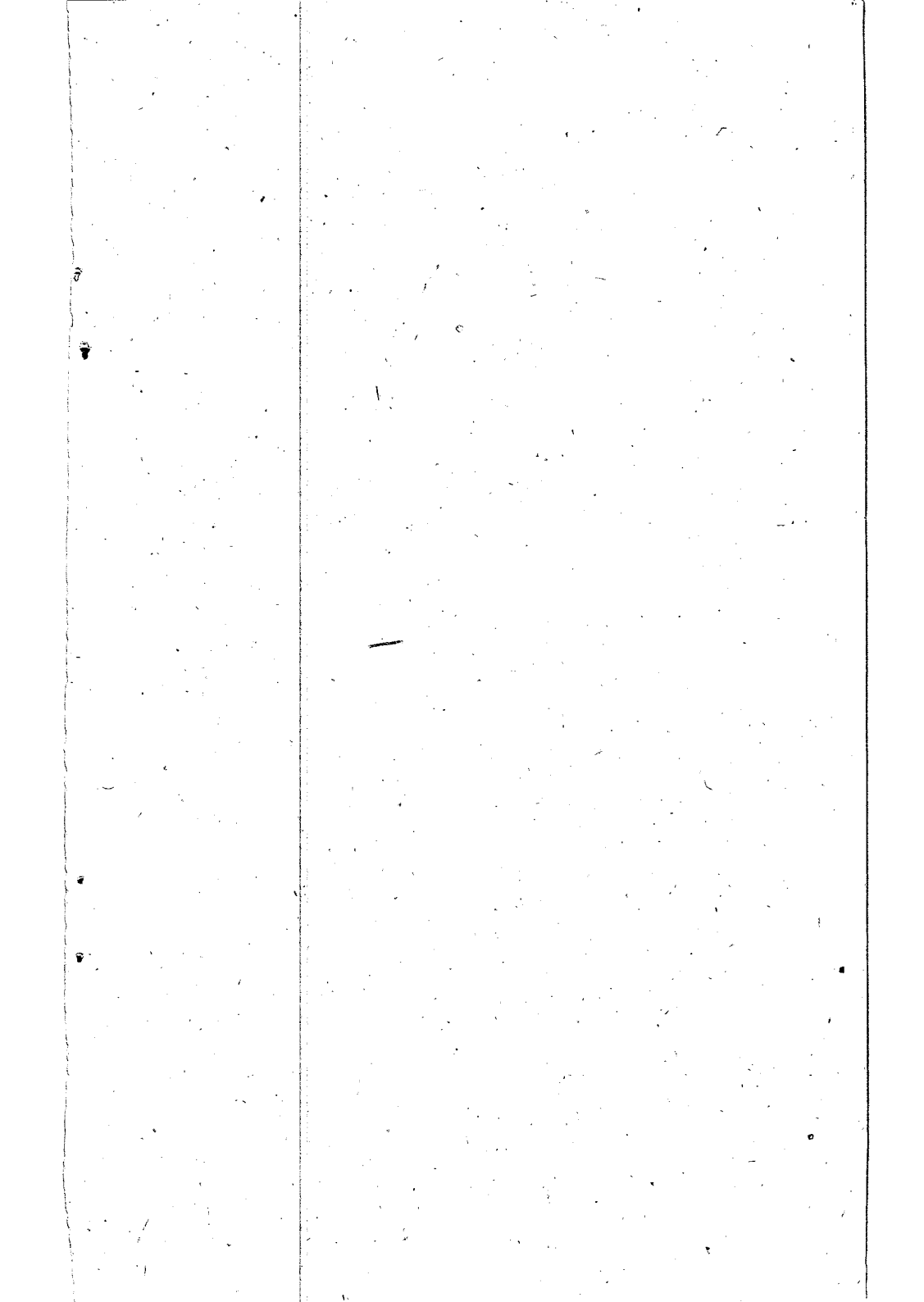
17.2 Three candidates who successfully complete the five years or three years in case of those who seek direct admission to 3rd year LL.B. Course will be awarded LL.B. Degree. A list of successful candidates shall be prepared in the aggregate marks obtained in part-III, IV and examinations and shall be arranged in divisions as under :-

- a) Those who obtain 60% or more marks 1st division
- b) Those who obtain 45% or more marks but less than 60% marks 2nd division

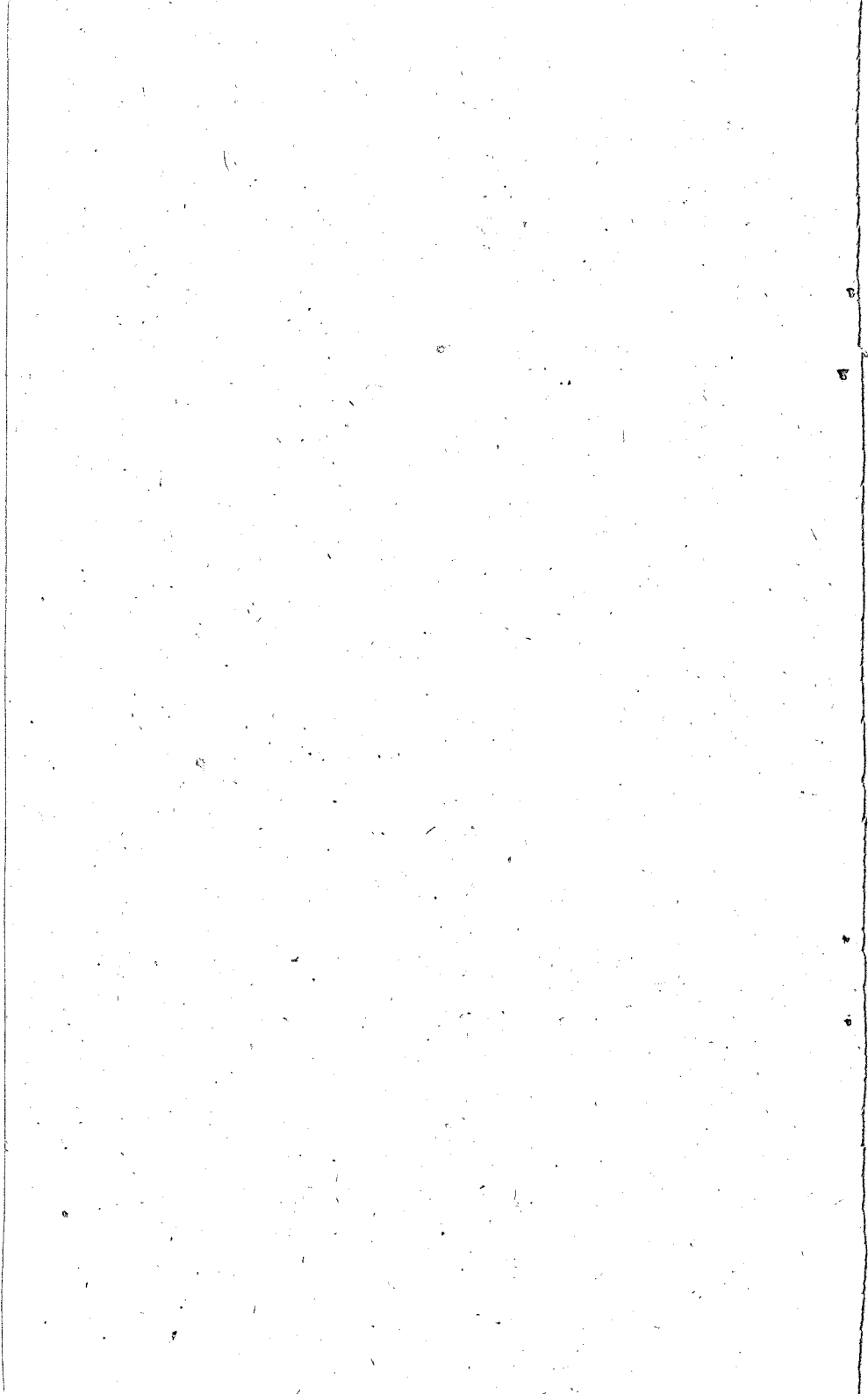
18. The candidates who have passed the B.A. (law) exam. in the second or third division may be allowed to re-appear in one or more theory paper(s) of the part-I and/or part-II examinations for improvement of division III to II, II to I or for improvement of 45%. However, for improvement of division from III and II to I as well as improvement of score of marks upto 45% only one chance for each part shall be allowed. Such a candidate shall appear for improvement in the paper(s) within a period of two years of his passing B.A. Law exam. a candidate appearing in one or more paper(s) for the purpose of improvement of division shall pay fee as for the whole examination. The higher score in the paper(s) for the purpose of improvement of division shall pay fee as for the whole examination. The higher score in the paper(s) in which the candidates re-appears for improvement will be taken into account towards the final result and the marks already obtained by the candidate in the paper(s) in which he has not opted to improve his result shall be carried forward. In case the candidate does not improve the division, his result shall be declared as previous result stand.

The students who are appearing for improvement of marks under this clause will be required to appear according to current syllabus. No separate paper under old syllabi will be set for such students.

19. Notwithstanding the integrated nature of this course, which is spread over more than one academic year, the ordinance in force at the time a student joins the course shall hold good only for the examination held during or at the academic year and nothing in this ordinance shall be deemed to debar the University from amending the Ordinance and the amending ordinance, if any, shall unless specified otherwise, apply to all students whether old or new.







**Scheme of Examinations of LL.B. 2nd Year**  
**SESSION 2002-2003**

**LL.B. 2nd Year**

Paper	Name of Paper	Written Paper	Internal Assessment	Total	Time
Paper-I	General English, Legal Language Legal Writing	90	10	100	3 hrs.
Paper-II	हिन्दी साहित्य एवं विधि शब्दावली OR Additional English	90	10	100	3 hrs.
Paper-III	Political Science-II	90	10	100	3 hrs.
Paper-IV	Economics-II	90	10	100	3 hrs.
Paper-V	Sociology of India	90	10	100	3 hrs.
Paper-VI	Legal and constitutional History of India	90	10	100	3 hrs.

- Note :—
1. Internal assessment will be evaluated by the teachers teaching the subjects, on the basis of assignments. The marks of internal assessment will be sent to the Controller of Examinations by the Head of Deptt.
  2. A candidate will have to secure at least 32 marks in the theory and 36 aggregate to pass the paper. He is not required to pass both i.e. theory and the internal assessment. If the candidate secures 32 marks in theory and 36 marks aggregate i.e. in theory and internal assessment he will be declared successful in that paper.
  3. There will be 10 marks for spoken English in English paper as internal assessment.
  4. Foreign Students and the students who have not read Hindi upto 10th class (Matric/Secondary School) will be allowed to opt Additional English in lieu of Hindi in LL.B. 2nd year (Five years course)

## GENERAL ENGLISH, LEGAL LANGUAGE AND LEGAL WRITING

Paper-I

M.Marks : 90

Time : 3 hrs.

Note : The entire syllabus is divided into 5 units. Marks allocated to each unit are indicated below.

Unit-I. **Common Vocabulary** 30 Marks

- a) Foreign Words and Phrases
- b) Important Greek and Latin Affixes.
- c) One word substitution.
- d) Words often confused.

Unit-II **Legal Vocabulary** 10 Marks

Some Common Legal Phrases and Maxims  
(their explanation and use in sentences)

Unit-III **Composition Skills** 30 Marks

- a) Use of Cohesive devices and Varieties of sentence structure and verb patterns.
- b) Precis Writing, Summarising and briefing.
- c) Essay writing on topics of current legal interest.

Unit-IV **Text Book** 20 Marks

Law and Language (eds.) by R.P. Bhatnagar and R. Bhargava  
published by Mac. Millan India Ltd.

The following chapters are prescribed :

- Chapter 2, The Language of the Law by Urban a Lavery  
Chapter 3, In the Court by Anton Chekov  
Chapter 4, Educating Lawyers for Changing world by Erwin H. Gris Wold.  
Chapter 5, Havlena's Verdict by Karel Capek.  
Chapter 6, The Five Functions of the Lawyer by Arthur T. Vanderbilt  
Chapter 7, The Hypothesis of Failure by O. Henry.

Note : a) There will be an essay type question with internal choice asking the students to write in their own words summary, character-sketch and story, etc. from the prescribed text. This question will carry 15 marks.

- b) There will be one question with internal choice carrying 5 marks asking the students to explain with reference to the context a passage from the prescribed text.

### Unit - V Speech Training

Note : No question will be asked in the written examination from Unit-V. The students will be evaluated for this unit on the basis of internal assessment.

- a) Key Sounds, their discrimination and accent.
- b) Reading aloud, knowledge of proper pauses
- c) Consulting a pronunciation dictionary
- d) Debating exercise.

### Books Recommended :

1. Selected materials drawn from renowned Judgements (for preces writing purposes).
2. Osburn : Dictionary of Law.
3. English Grammar, Composition and Usage by J.O. Nesfield revised by N.K. Aggarwal.
4. Con temporary English Grammar Structure by David Green.
5. Guide to patterns and Usage in English by A.S. Hornby.
6. Law and Language-Ishtiaque Abidi (University Publishing House, Aligarh, India)
7. Precis and comprehension Prectice by E.L. Black and A.S. Lawky.
8. Dictionary of Pronunciation by Denial Jones.
9. Word lower made easy by Lawis Newman.
10. Spoken English for Indian Speakers by Bonsa l and Herrison.
11. Living English Structure bu W.S. Allen.

### List of Foreign Words and Phrases :

ab initic (L) From the beginning.

ab intra (L) From within.

ad hec (L) For this object.

ad interim (L) For the mean time.

aide de camp (Fr.) assistant on the Field.

Alma mater (L) benign mother, applied by old students to their University.

Bona fides (L) A good faith.

Bon Voyage (Fr.) good journey to you.  
Corpus Juris civilis (L) body of the civil Law.  
de Facts (L) From the fact, really, actual.  
ad Valorem (L) according to value.  
chef de veure (Fr) a master piece.  
de novo (L) a new.  
detenu (Fr) a prisoner.  
de jure (L) in Law, by right.  
de die in diem (L) From day to day.  
Emigree (Fr) an emigrant.  
Emeritus (L) having served she's time.  
en affect (Fr.) in effect.  
en masse (Fr.) in a body, Universally.  
Ex-gratie (L) as an act of grace.  
ex officio (L) by virtue of his office.  
ex parte (L) on one side, as a partisan.  
en routs (L) on the road.  
expost Facto (L) retrospective.  
Fait accompli (Fr) a false stand, a mistake.  
id est or i.e. (L) that is.  
i bidem or i bid (L) in the same place, thing or case.  
impasse (Fr) an insoluble difficulty.  
in memoriam (L) to the memory of, in memory.  
in Situ (L) in its original Situation.  
interalia (L) among other things.  
in toto (L) in the whole, entirely.  
Jure divino (L) by human Law.  
Locus Standi (L) a place for standing, a right to interfere.  
magnum bonum (L) a great good.  
magnum opus (L) a great work.  
malafide (L) with bad faith.  
modus operandi (L) plan of working.  
monsieur (Fr) Sir.  
Note bene or N.B. (L) mark well, take notice.  
nouveau riches (Fr) persons who have but lately acquired wealth,  
upstarts.

par excellence (Fr) eminently, by way of eminence.

pari passu (L) with equal pace, together.

particeps criminis (L) an accomplice.

resume - an abstract or summary.

Sans (Fr) without.

Status quo (L) the State in which.

Sub judice (L) under consideration.

Sub poena (L) under a penalty.

tour de force (Fr) a feat of strength or skill.

Versus or V. (L) against, toward.

Via (L) by way of.

Via media (L) a middle course.

Vice-versa (L) the terms being exchanged.

Vis-a-vis (L) opposite, facing.

Viva-voce (L) by oral testimony.

anno domini or A.D. (L) in the year of our Lord.

ante meridiem or A.M. (L) before noon.

post meridiem or P.M. (L) after noon.

post script or P.S. (L) which was left.

## Greek/Latin Affixes

### 1. Prefixes

#### Latin

ab-from- abuse, abstain.

ad-to-adhere, adapt.

ambi - to- adhere, adapt.

ante- before- ante-date, ante-room.

en-to make- enslave, enable, empower, embody.

ben-well-benediction, beneficial.

bi-twice-binocular, biped.

circum-around-circum's tencer, circumference.

co-to-gether-co-operation.

de-down-deforestation, dethrone.  
 dis-apart-discord, displace.  
 equi-equal-equally, equivalent.  
 extra-beyond-extravagant.  
 inter-between-interrelation, interact.  
 mal-ill-malcontent.  
 omni-all-omniscient, omnipresent.  
 pen-almost-peninsula.  
 post-after-postscript, postmortem.  
 pre-before-predict, prefer.  
 pro-forth-project, pro-government.  
 re-back-refund-, rebound.  
 retro-back-retrospect, retrograde.  
 semi-hell-semicolon semicircle.  
 sine-without, senecure.  
 sub-under-subject, sublet.  
 trans-across-trans-Atlantic, transport  
 ultra-beyond-ultra violet, ultra modern.  
 uni-one- uniform, unilateral.

### **Greek**

Endo-within-endogenous, endogamy.  
 epi-upon-epitaph, epicentre.  
 ex-out of-exodus.  
 ec-out, from-ecstasy.  
 Hemi-half-hemisphere.  
 miso-lade-misogynist.  
 mis-wrong, ill-misanthrophy, mischief.  
 mono-alone-monotony, monopoly  
 octo-eight-octopus-octogen.  
 ortho-right-orthography.  
 pan/panto-all-pantomme.  
 para-beside-parasite, parable.  
 pseudo-fake-psuedo-critic, psuedonym.  
 syn-with syntax. synonym.

**Suffixes**

- ance-allegiance, coundance.
- ion-opinion, action.
- ment-enchantment, punishment
- ure-culture, censure.
- y-beggary, recovery.
- ade- cascade, brigade.
- al-legal regal.
- ary-contrary, arbitrary.
- arious-gregarious.
- ise-Jeopardise.
- ize-harmonize, victimize.
- ate-facilitate, activate.
- en-darken, quicken.
- ify-verify.
- ful-faithful, fearful.
- ate, -y- Advocate, jury
- ier, -or- financier, counsellor.
- an, -en, -on- artisan, warden, surgeon.
- eur, amateur, gradeur
- age-foliage.

**Paper-II**

**हिन्दी पाठ्यक्रम : विधि द्वितीय वर्ष**

अंक 90

समय 3 घण्टे

**विधि शब्दावली एवं हिन्दी साहित्य**

भाग 1. विधि शब्दावली एवं वाक्यों में प्रयोग 200 शब्द  
(सूची संलग्न है)

अंक 20

भाग 2. राग-विराग : सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला की दस चयनित कविताएँ

अंक 25

1. बादल राग-6

2. सरोज स्मृति



3. तोड़ती पत्थर
4. मैं अकेला
5. स्नेह निर्झर बह गया है ।
6. किनारा वह हमसे किए जा रहे हैं ।
7. खून की होली जो खेली
8. झींगुर डटकर बोला
9. राजे ने अपनी रखवाली की
10. कुकुरमुत्ता

भाग 3. गोदान : प्रेमचन्द

अंक 25

भाग 4. पुनर्जागरण और हिन्दी साहित्य, हिन्दी में प्रगतिशील लेखन की परम्परा, दलित साहित्य, प्रासंगिकता, प्रवृत्तियाँ एवं चर्चित कृतियाँ, स्वतंत्रता संग्राम और हिन्दी साहित्य, हिन्दी की समस्याएं और उनका समाधान, हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास, काल विभाजन एवं सामान्य विशेषताएं

अंक 20

निर्देश : 1. सभी प्रश्न सविकल्प होंगे ।

2. राग-विराग और गोदान से क्रमशः 15 अंक का आलोचनात्मक प्रश्न व 10 अंक की सप्रसंग व्याख्या पूछी जाएगी ।

**अनुमोदित पुस्तकें :**

1. स० रामविलास शर्मा, राग विराग, लोक भारती प्रकाशन, महात्मा गांधी मार्ग, इलाहाबाद ।
2. मुंशी प्रेमचन्द, गोदान, सरस्वती प्रैस, इलाहाबाद ।
3. विधि शब्दावली, विधि, न्याय और कम्पनी कार्य मंत्रालय, विधायी विभाग, राजभाषा खण्ड, विधि साहित्य प्रकाशन, भारत सरकार, नई दिल्ली ।
4. डा० हरदेव बाहरी, हिन्दी उदभव विकास और रूप, किताब महल डिस्ट्रीब्यूटर्स, नेताजी सुभाष मार्ग, नई दिल्ली - 2
5. डा० शशिभूषण सिंहल, भारतीय स्वतंत्रता और हिन्दी उपन्यास, किताब घर, अंसारी रोड, दरियागंज, नई दिल्ली-2
6. डा० पुरुषोत्तम सत्यप्रेमी, दलित साहित्य : रचना और विचार, अतिश प्रकाशन, डी डी ए फ्लैट्स, जी-8 एरिया, हरिनगर, दिल्ली-8
7. डा० नरेन्द्र, हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास, नेशनल पब्लिशिंग हाऊस, दिल्ली ।
8. डा० विजय अग्रवाल, अपनी हिन्दी सुधारें, सूचना-प्रसारण मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार, नई दिल्ली ।

विधि शब्दावली : हिन्दी के विधि शब्दों का अंग्रजी अर्थ लिखना तथा उनका वाक्यों में प्रयोग करना । अंक 20

कुल शब्द 200

1. अग्राह्य साक्ष्य	Inadmissible Evidence
2. अधिवक्ता	Advocate
3. अधिकार पृच्छप	Que Warranto
4. अधिग्रहण न्यायालय	Prize Court
5. अधिष्ठाता	Occupier
6. अधिसूचना	Notification
7. अधिनियम का प्रारम्भ	Commencement of Act
8. अर्धन्यायिक कार्य	Quasi Judicial Act
9. अधिपत्र	Warrant
10. अधीन न्यायालय	Subordinate Court
11. अध्यादेश	Ordinance
12. अधिकारातीत	Ultra Virus
13. अनुचित प्रभाव	Undue Influence
14. अनुयोज्य दोष	Actoinable Wrong
15. अनभिज्ञ	Ignorant
16. अनुज्ञप्ति	Licence
17. अनुपालन करना	Compliance
18. अनुसूचित जातियाँ	Scheduled Castes
19. अनुसूचित जर्नजातियाँ	Scheduled Tribes
20. अन्तरिम अनुतोष	Interim Relief
21. अतन्त्र क्षेत्राधिकार	Exclusive Jurisdiction
22. अनहर्ता	Disqualification
23. अनुस्मारक	Reminder
24. अपमान लेख	Libel
25. अपमिश्रित	Adulterated
26. अपराध	Crime, Offence
27. अपील ग्रहण करना	Entertain Appeal
28. अपराध करने में अक्षम	Doli in Capax
29. अपकृत्य विधि	Law of Tort

- |                           |                           |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 30. अपवचन                 | Slander                   |
| 31. अभिकथन                | Allegation                |
| 32. अभिप्रायः             | Intention.                |
| 33. अभिलेख न्यायालय       | Record Court              |
| 34. अभिसमय                | Convention                |
| 35. अभिमत                 | Verdict                   |
| 36. अभियोग पत्र           | Charge Sheet              |
| 37. अश्लील                | Obscene                   |
| 38. असलीयत                | Genuineness               |
| 39. आत्मरक्षा             | Self Defence              |
| 40. आदेशों का पालन करना   | Carry Out Orders          |
| 41. अधिपत्य का आशय        | Animus domini             |
| 42. आपराधिक धमकी/अभिन्नास | Criminal Intimidation     |
| 43. आपराधिक दुर्विनियोग   | Criminal Misappropriation |
| 44. आपराधिक न्यास भंग     | Criminal Breach of Trust  |
| 45. आपराधिक मानव वध       | Culpable Homicide         |
| 46. आपराधिक मनः स्थिति    | Mens rea                  |
| 47. आरम्भ से              | Abinitio                  |
| 48. आवश्यक तथ्य           | Essential fact            |
| 49. अधिप्रमाणित करना      | Authenticate              |
| 50. आज्ञापक व्यादेश       | Mandatory Injunction      |
| 51. उच्च न्यायालय         | High Court                |
| 52. उत्प्रवास             | Emigration                |
| 53. उत्प्रेषण लेख         | Certiorari                |
| 54. उन्मुक्ति             | Immunity                  |
| 55. उपभोक्ता संरक्षण नियम | Consumer Protection Act   |
| 56. एक पक्षीय आदेश        | Ex-Parte Order            |
| 57. एकल संक्रमणीय मत      | Single Transferable Vote  |
| 58. औपनिवेशिक विधायन      | Colonial Legislation      |
| 59. कड़ी अभिरक्षा         | Strict Custody            |
| 60. कठोर कारावास          | Rigorous Imprisonment     |
| 61. कदाचार                | Misbehaviour              |

- |   |                                |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 62. कुर्की  | Attachment                     |
| 63. कानूनी निकाय  | Statutory Body                 |
| 64. कार्य प्रणाली   | Modus operandi                 |
| 65. केवल कार्य किसी को अपराधी नहीं बनाता यदि उसका मन अपराधी न हो।<br>Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea. |                                |
| 66. खोज करना  | Explore                        |
| 67. गम्भीर कारण   | Grave Reason                   |
| 68. घोषणा पत्र  | Manifesto                      |
| 69. चित्तविकृति   | Unsoundness of Mind            |
| 70. चुंगी   | Octoi                          |
| 71. छटनी प्रतिकार   | Retrenchment Compensation      |
| 72. जनहित में   | Pro bono Publico               |
| 73. जनहित याचिका  | Public Interest Litigation     |
| 74. जमानत मंजूर करना  | Admit to Bail                  |
| 75. जमानतीय   | Bailable                       |
| 76. जलदस्युता   | Piracy                         |
| 77. जिला एवं सत्र न्यायालय  | Distt & Session Cout           |
| 78. तथ्य छिपाना   | Concealment of Fact            |
| 79. दत्तक ग्रहण   | Adoption                       |
| 80. दण्ड न्यायालय   | Criminal Court                 |
| 81. दावे को नामंजूर करना  | Disallow Claim                 |
| 82. दाम्पत्य अधिकारों का प्रत्यास्थापन  | Restitution of Conjugal Rights |
| 83. दावेदार   | Claimant                       |
| 84. दुर्भावपूर्ण  | Maliciously                    |
| 85. दूसरे पक्ष को भी सुनो   | Audi alteram partem            |
| 86. दैवीय कार्य से हुई क्षति के लिए किसी को जिम्मेदार नहीं ठहराया जा सकता : Actus dei nemini facit Injuria    |                                |
| 87. दोषपूर्ण कृत्य  | Wrongful Act                   |
| 88. न्यायिक मुद्रांक  | Judicial Stamp                 |
| 89. न्यायाधिपति   | Chief Justice                  |
| 90. न्यायालय की अभिरक्षा  | Custody of Court               |
| 91. न्यायतर उपचार   | Extra Judicial Remedies        |

92. न्यायिक अधिकारिता	Judicial Jurisdiction
93. न्यूनीकरण	Commutation
94. न्यायिक शक्ति	Judicial Power
95. नागरिकता	Citizenship
96. निर्णय से सहमत होना	Concur in a Judgement
97. निरसन	Repeal
98. निर्वचन	Interpretation
100. निकृष्ट आचरण	Disgraceful Detention
101. निषिद्ध	Forbidden
102. नियंत्रक प्राधिकारी	Controlling Authority
103. निर्वाह व्यय	Alimony
104. निदेशक बोर्ड	Board of Directors
105. पदेन	Ex Officio
106. पहचान छिपाना	Concealment of Identity
107. परिनियम	Statute
108. पुनर्विचार न्यायालय	Court of Appeal
109. पूर्व न्याय	Res Judicata
110. पूर्ण स्वामित्व	Plenum dominium
111. प्रथम दृष्टया साक्ष्य	Prima Facie Evidence
112. प्रत्यर्पण संधि	Extradition Treaty
113. प्रत्यक्ष चुनाव	Direct Election
114. प्रत्याभूति	Guarantee
115. परमादेश	Madamus
116. प्रवृत्त करना	Remain in Force
117. प्रत्यावर्तन/वापस लेना	Restoration
118. प्रतिग्रहण	Acceptance
119. प्रतिलिप्याधिकार	Copy right
120. प्रशासनिक न्यायाधिकरण	Administrative Tribunal
121. प्रशासनिक विवेकाधिकार	Administrative Discretion
122. प्रतिषेध लेख	Write of Prohibition
123. प्रतिफल के बिना करार	Agreement without Consideration
124. प्रतिकूल प्रभाव डालना	Affect Prejudicially

125. प्रतिनिधायी दायित्व	Vicarious Liability
126. पार पत्र	Pass Port
127. फरार	Absconder
128. प्राकृतिक न्याय	Natural Justice
129. बंदी प्रत्यक्षीकरण	Habeas Corpus
130. बाधा डालना	Obstruct
131. बिना हानि के क्षति	Injuria Sine Damnum
132. बिना क्षति के हानि	Damnum Sine Injuria
133. भर्त्सना	Admonition
134. भरण पोषण भत्ता	Maintenance Allowance
135. भारत की सांस्कृतिक विरासत	Cultural Heritage of India
136. भारतीय विधि परिषद	Bar Council of India
137. भविष्य लक्षी	Prospectively
138. भूत लक्षी	Retrospectively
139. भू अभिलेख	Land Records
140. भू राजस्व	Land Revenue
141. मध्यस्थ	Arbitrator
142. महाधिवक्ता	Advocate General
143. महाभियोग	Impeachment
144. मंत्रीपरिषद	Council of Ministers
145. मुख्य निर्वाचन आयुक्त	Chief Election Commissioner
146. मामले/मुकदमे को निपटाना	Disposal of the case
147. मिथ्या कारावास	False Imprisonment
148. मिथ्या घोषणा	False Declarement
149. यथापूर्व स्थिति	Status Que
150. योग्यता प्रमाण पत्र	Certificate of Fitness
151. योगदायी उपेक्षा	Contributory Negligance
152. रद्द करना	Annulment
153. राजपत्र	Gazette
154. राजनिष्ठा	Allegiance
155. राष्ट्रों की विधि	Law of Nations
156. राष्ट्रपति प्रसाद पर्यन्त	During the Pleasure of the President

157. लोकन्याय की अग्रसरता	Advancement of Public Justice
158. लोक अपदूषण	Public Nuisance
159. लोक अभियोजक	Public Prosecutor
160. लोकसभा	House of People
161. व्यस्क मताधिकार	Adult Suffrage
162. व्यापार चिह्न	Trade Mark
163. वचन पत्र	Promissory Note
164. वस्तुतः	Defacto
165. वाद का संचालन	Conduct of the suit
166. वाद पत्र का ग्रहण	Admission of Plaintiff
167. वादमूल	Cause of action
168. वैयक्तिक विधि	Personal Law
169. विधि के आधार	Ratio Legis
170. विवेकाधीन शक्ति	Discretionary Power
171. विशेष विवाह अधिनियम	Special Marriage Act
172. विधि द्वारा आबद्ध	Bound by Law
173. विधेयक	Bill
174. विधायक	Legislature
175. विधि में निकट कारणों पर ध्यान दिया जाता है, दूर के कारणों पर नहीं	
In Jure Remota Causa and Proxima Spectatu.	
176. विचार-विमर्श	Deliberation
177. वित्त विधेयक	Finance Bill
178. विचारार्थ प्रस्ताव	Motion for Consideration
179. विवाह विच्छेद	Divorce
180. विधि के प्रतिकूल	Contrary to Law
181. विश्वसनीय साक्षी	Credible Witness
182. विधिक क्षति	Legal Damage
183. विद्वेषपूर्ण अभियोजन	Malicious Prosecution
184. विमति	Dissenting Note
185. विधियों का समान संरक्षण	Equal Protection of Law
186. शाश्वत व्यादेश	Perpetual Injunction
187. स्वत्वधारी	Proprietor

- |   |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 188. स्वप्रेरणा   | Suomotu                          |
| 189. स्थगित करना  | Adjourn                          |
| 190. संज्ञेय अपराध                                      | Conizable Offence                |
| 191. संविदा भंग   | Breach of Contract               |
| 192. सम्पुष्टि  | Confirmation                     |
| 193. सुसंगत तथ्य  | Relevant Fact                    |
| 194. सहदायिकी सम्पत्ति                                  | Coparcenary Property             |
| 195. समान अधिकारिता न्यायालय                            | Court of Equal Jurisdiction      |
| 196. सर्वोच्च न्यायालय                                  | Supreme Court                    |
| 197. सम्पूर्ण प्रभुत्व सम्पन्न<br>लोकतंत्रात्मक गणराज्य | Soverign Democratic Republic     |
| 198. संसदीय स्थायी समिति                                | Standing Committee of Parliament |
| 199. सौहार्दपूर्ण समझौता                                | Amicable Settlement              |
| 200. साक्षी को आहूत करना                                | Summon the witness               |



**OR****Paper -II : Additional English**

M.Marks : 90

Time : 3 hrs.

**Note :** *That entire syllabus is divided into five units. Ten questions shall be set with two questions from each unit. The candidates shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all selecting one question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.*

**Unit-I** Shakespeares' "Merchant of Venice"

**Note :-** *Two general questions with internal choice requiring a first hand knowledge of the book carrying 10 marks each. No critical question will be asked.*

**Unit-II** Jawahar Lal Nehru : "Discovery of India" (only Chapters 5, 7, 8 & 9) are prescribed.

**Note :-** *Two general questions with internal choice will be asked from the four prescribed chapters carrying 10 marks each.*

**Unit-III** Vocabulary

- i) Common Legal Vocabulary
- ii) Use of phrases and expressions from the prescribed book "Discovery of India" (10 marks each).

**Unit-IV** Essay**Unit-V** Comprehensive questions on an unseen passage.**Paper -III : Political Science-II****International Relation**

M.Marks : 90

Time : 3 hrs.

**Note :** *The entire syllabus is divided into five units. Ten questions shall be set with two questions from each unit. The candidates shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all selecting one question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.*

**Unit-I**

- i) International Relations : Its meaning, nature and scope:
- ii) Foreign Policy : Its definition and determinations, the role of National Interest and Ideology in formulation of Foreign Policy.

- iii) **Diplomacy** : Its meaning, nature and objectives. Types of Diplomacy. Importance of Diplomacy in the World of today and its future..

### **Unit-II**

- i) **National Power** : Its meaning, elements and problem of its evaluation.
- ii) **Limitation of National Power** : International Law, International Morality, World Public Opinion; Balance of Power and Collective Security.

### **Unit-III**

- i) **Settlement of Disputes** : Pacific means of settlement of disputes and role of U.N. in the settlement of disputes.
- ii) **Human Rights** : Its meaning, nature and Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948..
- iii) **Concepts of World Community and World Government.**
- iv) **Disarmament.**

### **Unit-IV**

- i) **Cold War** : Its origin; causes, nature and impact on International Relations.
- ii) **Defence** : Its meaning and impact on International Relations.
- iii) **Non-Alignment** : Its meaning, Non-Alignment Movement and its role in present International Scenario.

### **Unit-V**

- i) **The Present International Economic Order** : The struggle for the New International Economic Order. The North-South Dialogue in United Nations and outside.
- ii) **The Crises in West Asia** with special reference to Arab, Israel Conflict.
- iii) **Regional Organisation** : OAS, The Arab League, SAARC, ASEAN AND EU and their role in International Relations.

### **Books Recommended**

1. Hans J. Morgenthau : Politics Among Nations, (Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta) Hindi and English.
2. Palmar & Perkins : International Relations (Scientific Calcutta)
3. Sprout & Sprout : Foundations of International Politics (Van Nostrand, New York).

4. Mahendra Kumar : The Theoretical Aspect of International Politics (Shiv Lal Aggarwal Agra, Hindi and English).
5. Hatman, F.H. : The Relations of Nations, (Macmillan, New York, 1973).
6. C.P. Scheltcher : International Relations, (Princeton, 1962)
7. Hoctor, A.H. : International Relations, (Vikas Publication, Delhi)
8. A.F.R. Organski : World Politics, (Scientific, Calcutta).
9. Johri J.C. : International Relations and Politics (Sterling Publishers).
10. Graebner, N.A. : Cold War Diplomacy : American Foreign Policy 1945-60 (Van Nostrand New York).
11. Kuri Y.N. Twenty : The Cold War Era, (Englewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall 1968).
12. Francis : North South Dialogue.
13. Wedel Robert D : International Politics, (John Wiley and Sons New York)
14. G. Schwarzenberger : Power Politics, (Stevens, London)
15. Aggarwal P.N. : The New International Economics Order : An Overview, Oxford : Pergamon 1983.
16. Jha, L.K. : North South Debate.
17. Singham, A.W. : The Non-Aligned Movement in United Politics.
18. Clerk Robert P. : Power in the Third World.
19. Goulbourne : Politics and State in the Third World.
20. Garg I.B. : Regionalism in Int. Politics (Research Publisher, Delhi).

**Paper-V****Economic-II**

Max. Marks : 90

Time : 3 Hrs.

Note: *The entire syllabus is divided into five units. Ten questions shall be set with two questions from each unit. The candidates shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all selecting one question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.*

**Unit-I Introduction to Indian Economy.**

1. Basic Structure, National Income and its sectoral distribution and measurement on National Income;
2. Poverty : Extent Causes and Impact. Population Problem. A Review of major population control programmes;
3. Planning for Development : Appraisal of development strategies and their impact through successive five year plans;

**Unit-II India's Agricultural Development**

1. Basic Characteristics and problems of Agricultural Economy;
2. Trends in Growth of Agricultural production and productivity;
3. Green Revolution ;

**Unit-III Industrial Development**

1. Trends in Industrial production and productivity;
2. Comparative role of public, private and joint sector ;
3. Large Scale and Small Scale Industry ;
4. Industrial Relations.
5. Regulation and Control of Private Corporate Sector-Industrial concentration ; Regulation of Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices.

**Unit-IV External Sector**

1. Trends in Volume ; Composition and direction of India's Foreign Trade; Policies for Export Promotion and Import substitution.
2. Foreign Capital in India-Foreign direct investment ; Foreign Aid; Multinational cooperation ; India's External Indebtedness.
3. India's Balance of Payments ; Structure, Problem and measures to deal with adverse Balance of Payments.

**Unit-V India's Bankig System :**

1. Trends in growth of Commercial Banking since Nationalization.
2. Cooperative Banking : Structure Working and Problems, Regional Rural Banks ;
3. Institutional Finance for Agriculture and Industry.
4. Reserve Bank of India and its Monetary Policy.

**Books Recommended**

1. J.B. Jatheer, E.C.A. Beri-indian Econoic Problems (Latest Edition Hindi & English).

2. Ruddar Dutt & K.P.M. Sundaram-Indian Economy (S.Chand & Co., New Delhi )
3. Alak Ghosh-Indian Economy (World Press, Calcutta latest Edition)
4. A.N. Aggarwal-Indian Economy, (Vikas Publishing Co., New Delhi).
5. C.H. Hanumanthao Rao and F.C. Joshi-Reflections of Economic Development and Social Change, Essays in honour of R.V. Rao (Allied, 1979).
6. P.C. Jain.
7. Dewett and Singh.

### **Paper-V      Sociology of India**

Max.Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hrs.

Note : *The entire syllabus is divided into five units. Ten questions shall be set with two questions from each unit. The candidates shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all selecting one question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.*

#### **Unit-I**

Traditional bases of Indian Social structure : Ashrama - Vyavastha, Varna-Vyavastha; Caste : Definition ; merits and demerits, Changes in Caste-System; Caste and Class in Contemporary India ;

#### **Unit-II**

Marriage : Hindu Marriage ; aims and objective types of Hindu marriage.

Joint Family : Meaning, Merits and Demerits, changes and Disintegration of Joint Family.

#### **Unit-III**

Village : Meaning, Characteristics, Rural-Urban differences ; Jajmani System.

Indian Tribal System : Meaning of Tribe; Tribe and Caste, Tribale Marriage. Tribal religion ; Tribal Economy and Dormitory.

#### **Unit-IV**

Processes of Social Change ; Modernization ; Westernization ; Sanskritization; Industrialization and Urbanization.

**Unit-V**

Unity and Diversity in India: Social legislations in India: Contemporary changes in Indian Society.

**Books Recommended :**

1. Bose N.K. : The Structure of Hindu Society, New Delhi Orient Longman, 1975
2. Mandelbaum, David G. : Society in India, Bombay ; Popular Parkashan 1972.
3. Thaper Romesh : Tribe, Caste and Religion in India.
4. Srinivas, M.N. : Social Change in Modern India.
5. Kapadia K.M. : Marriage and Family in India.
6. Sharma, K.L. : Indian Society.
7. Srinivas M.N. : Caste in Modern India.
8. Saxena, Ram Narayan : Bhartiya Samaj aur Bhartiya Sanstha.
9. Sharma, Kailash Nath : Bhartiya Samaj aur Sanskriti.
10. Mukerji, Ravindernath : Bhartiya Sansthanayan.
11. Mukerji, Ravindernath : Bhartiya Samaj Aur Sanskriti.
12. B.Kuppuswamy : Social Change in Modern India.
13. M.N. Srinivas : India : Social Structure.

**Paper-VI Legal and Constitutional History of India.**

Max. Marks : 90

Time : 3 Hrs.

Note : *Ten questions shall be set with two questions from each unit. The candidate shall be required to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit. All questions shall carry equal marks.*

**Unit-I**

1. Administration of Justice in the presidency Towns (1600-1726) and the development of courts and judicial institutions under the East India Company.
2. Charter of 1726 and 1753. Establishment of Mayor's court in 1726

**Unit-II**

3. Regulating Act of 1773. Supreme Court at Calcutta, its Composition, Powers and Functions-Failure of the Court-Act of 1761.
4. Leading Cases : (i) Raja Nand Kumar Trail (ii) Patna Case (iii) Cossijurah Case.

**Unit-III**

5. Warren Hastings Plan of 1772, 1774 and 1780.
6. Judicial Measures of Cornwallis, 1787, 1790, 1793.  
Progress of Adalat System under Sir John Shore.
7. Progress of Adalat System under Wellesley, Amherest and Bentick.

**Unit-IV**

8. Conflicts arising out of the Dual Judicial system. The Indian High Courts Act. 1861. The Indian High Courts Act 1911. The Govt. of India Act. 1915. High Courts under the govt. of India Act. 1935. High Courts under the Indian Consitution. History of writ jurisdiction. Growth of Personal Laws in India.
9. Judicial Committee of Privy Council as a Court of appeal and its jurisdiction to hear appeals from Indian decisions abolition of the jurisdiction of the Privy Council to hear appeals from Indian decisions.
10. Court System generally under the constitution of India.
11. Act of 1833. Its Provisions an codification of Law (1833-1955)

**Unit-V**

12. The Indian Council Act 1861-1892.
13. Govt. of India Act 1909, Govt. of India Act, 1919, Govt. of India Act 1935.
14. Transfer of Power and Indian Independence Act, 1947.
15. Groth of Legal Profession :  
(a) Growth before 1926, (b) Indian Bar Committee 1923, (c) Indian Bar Council Act, 1926, (d) All India Bar Committee 1951, (e) The Advocates Act 1961.
16. History of Law Reporting in India.

*Note : Note more than one question shall be set on prescribed cases.*

**Books Prescribed :**

1. M.P. Jain : Outline of Indian Legal History
2. J.K. Mittal : Indian Legal History.
3. V.D. Kulshreshtha : Land marks in Indian Legal and Constitutional History.
4. S.K. Puri : Indian Legal and Constitutional History.